# CHEATHERO SHEETSHERO

# **Penetration Testing Tools Cheat Sheet**

A quick reference guide to essential penetration testing tools, commands, and techniques for cybersecurity professionals.



## **Reconnaissance Tools**

## Nmap (Network Mapper)

**Description:** Nmap is a powerful network scanning tool used for discovery and security auditing.

Basic Usage: nmap <target>

#### Syntax:

-ss : TCP SYN scan (stealth scan)

-sv : Version detection

-0 : OS detection

-p : Port specification (e.g., -p 80, 443)

-A : Aggressive scan (OS detection, version detection, script scanning, and traceroute)

### Examples:

nmap -sS <target> : Perform a SYN scan to identify
open ports.

nmap -sV <target> : Determine service versions running on open ports.

nmap -0 <target> : Identify the operating system of the target.

nmap -p 1-1000 <target> : Scan ports 1 to 1000.

**NSE Scripts:** Nmap Scripting Engine (NSE) allows for advanced vulnerability detection and exploitation.

#### Example:

nmap --script vuln <target> : Use vulnerability
scanning scripts.

**Output Interpretation:** Understand the scan results to identify open ports, services, and potential vulnerabilities.

### Whois

**Description:** Whois is a query protocol used to retrieve registration information of domain names or IP addresses.

Basic Usage: whois <domain> or whois <IP address>

**Purpose:** Obtain contact information, registration dates, and nameserver details.

#### Example

whois example.com: Retrieve Whois information for the domain example.com.

### Nslookup

**Description:** Nslookup is a network administration tool used to query the Domain Name System (DNS) to obtain domain name or IP address mapping information.

Basic Usage: nslookup <domain>

**Purpose:** Verify DNS records, troubleshoot DNS resolution issues.

#### Example:

nslookup example.com : Retrieve IP address associated with example.com.

## **Vulnerability Scanning Tools**

## Nessus

**Description:** Nessus is a comprehensive vulnerability scanner used to identify security weaknesses in systems and applications.

## **Key Features:**

- Vulnerability detection
- Configuration auditing
- Compliance checks

## Usage:

- 1. Install and configure Nessus.
- 2. Define scan targets and policies.
- 3. Launch scans and analyze reports.

**Report Interpretation:** Understand the severity levels and remediation steps for identified vulnerabilities.

# OpenVAS

**Description:** OpenVAS is an open-source vulnerability scanner that provides comprehensive vulnerability management.

## **Key Features:**

- Vulnerability scanning
- Asset discovery
- Compliance reporting

## Usage:

- 1. Install and configure OpenVAS.
- 2. Define scan targets and policies.
- 3. Launch scans and review reports.

## Benefits

- Open-source and customizable
- Regularly updated vulnerability tests

# Nikto

**Description:** Nikto is a web server scanner that identifies potential security vulnerabilities in web applications.

Basic Usage: nikto -h <target>

## Syntax:

- -h : Target host
- -р: Target port
- -ss1 : Force SSL mode

# Examples:

nikto -h example.com : Scan example.com for vulnerabilities.

nikto -h example.com -p 8080 : Scan example.com on port 8080.

Output Analysis: Review the scan results to identify potential security issues, such as outdated software, default configurations, and common vulnerabilities.

## **Web Application Testing Tools**

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**Description:** Burp Suite is a comprehensive web application security testing tool used for intercepting, analyzing, and manipulating HTTP traffic.

## Key Components:

- Proxy: Intercepts HTTP/S traffic
- Scanner: Automated vulnerability scanning
- Intruder: Customizable attack tool

#### Usage:

- 1. Configure Burp Suite as a proxy.
- 2. Intercept and analyze web application traffic.
- 3. Use the scanner to identify vulnerabilities.
- 4. Employ the intruder to perform customized attacks.

#### Benefits:

- Interception and modification of requests
- Automated vulnerability scanning
- Extensibility via plugins

**Description:** OWASP ZAP (Zed Attack Proxy) is an opensource web application security scanner and intercepting proxy.

### **Key Features:**

- Intercepting proxy
- Automated scanning
- Fuzzing capabilities

#### Usage:

- 1. Configure ZAP as a proxy.
- 2. Intercept and analyze web application traffic.
- 3. Use the scanner to identify vulnerabilities.
- 4. Perform manual testing and fuzzing.

#### Advantages:

- Open-source and free to use
- Active community support
- Extensible with plugins

**Description:** SQLmap is an open-source penetration testing tool that automates the process of detecting and exploiting SQL injection vulnerabilities.

Basic Usage: sqlmap -u <target>

#### Syntax:

-u : Target URL

--dbs : Enumerate databases
--tables : Enumerate tables

--columns : Enumerate columns

--dump : Dump data

#### Examples:

sqlmap -u "http://example.com/vuln.php?id=1" --

dbs : Enumerate databases.

sqlmap -u "http://example.com/vuln.php?id=1" -- tables -D <database> : Enumerate tables in a specific

atabase.

sqlmap -u "http://example.com/vuln.php?id=1" -- columns -T <table\_name> -D <database> : Enumerate columns in a specific table.

**Exploitation:** Use SQLmap to exploit SQL injection vulnerabilities and retrieve sensitive data.

# **Exploitation Tools**

## Metasploit Framework

**Description:** Metasploit is a powerful penetration testing framework used for developing and executing exploit code against a target system.

### Key Modules:

- Exploits: Code to take advantage of vulnerabilities
- Payloads: Code to execute on the target system
- Auxiliary: Support modules for scanning and reconnaissance

## Usage:

- 1. Launch Metasploit console (msfconsole).
- 2. Search for and select an appropriate exploit.
- 3. Configure the exploit parameters (e.g., target IP, port).
- 4. Choose a payload to execute on the target.
- 5. Run the exploit.

## Commands:

- search: Search for exploits, payloads, and modules
- use : Select a module
- show options : Display module options
- set : Set module options
- exploit: Run the exploit

## Social Engineering Toolkit (SET)

**Description:** SET is an open-source penetration testing framework designed for social engineering attacks.

## **Key Features:**

- · Spear-phishing attacks
- Website cloning
- Credential harvesting

# Usage:

- 1. Launch SET
- 2. Select an attack vector (e.g., spear-phishing).
- 3. Configure attack parameters (e.g., email templates, target lists).
- 4. Launch the attack.

**Ethical Considerations:** Use SET responsibly and with proper authorization.

# Hydra

**Description:** Hydra is a parallelized login cracker which supports numerous protocols to attack.

Basic Usage: hydra <target> <protocol> <options>

### Syntax:

-L : Username list

-P : Password list

-vv : Verbose mode

-t : Number of threads

ssh, ftp, smtp, etc.

## Examples:

hydra -L user.txt -P pass.txt ssh://<target> :
Brute-force SSH login using provided lists.

hydra -1 <username> -P pass.txt ftp://<target> :
Brute-force FTP login for a specific user.

**Legal and Ethical Use:** Always ensure you have explicit permission before attempting to crack logins on a system.