

CMS Platforms Cheatsheet

A quick reference guide to popular Content Management Systems (CMS), covering key features, use cases, and considerations for choosing the right platform.



CMS Overview

What is a CMS?

A Content Management System (CMS) is a software application that enables users to create, manage, and modify content on a website without needing specialized technical knowledge. It simplifies the process of web content creation and management.

Key components include a content management application (CMA) and a content delivery application (CDA).

Popular CMS Platforms

WordPress	Widely used, highly flexible, and plugin-extensible. Powers a large percentage of websites.
Joomla	Offers a balance between ease of use and complexity, suitable for various website types.
Drupal	Powerful and flexible, favored for complex websites with custom data structures and user roles.
Contentful	A headless CMS focused on API-first content delivery, great for multiplatform content.
Adobe Experience Manager	Enterprise-level CMS with advanced marketing and personalization features.

Key Considerations When Choosing a CMS

- Ease of Use: How easy is it to create and manage content?
- Flexibility: Can the CMS handle the types of content and features you need?
- Scalability: Can the CMS grow with your website's needs?
- Security: How secure is the CMS against vulnerabilities?
- Cost: What is the cost of the CMS, including hosting, themes, and plugins?

WordPress

WordPress Core Features

Posts & Pages	Fundamental content types for articles and static content.
Themes	Control the visual design of the website. Thousands of free and premium themes available.
Plugins	Extend functionality with add-ons for SEO, e-commerce, security, and more.
Users & Roles	Manage user access and permissions with roles like Administrator, Editor, Author, and Contributor.
Categories & Tags	Organize content for improved navigation and SEO.

Popular WordPress Plugins

- Yoast SEO: For search engine optimization.
- WooCommerce: For e-commerce functionality.
- Contact Form 7: For creating contact forms.
- Akismet: For spam protection.
- Elementor: For drag-and-drop page building.

WordPress Pros & Cons

Pros	3	Con	ns
٠	Large community and extensive resources.	٠	Can be vulnerable to security issues if not properly maintained.
٠	Highly customizable with themes and plugins.	•	Plugin conflicts can occur. Performance can
٠	Relatively easy to learn and use.		degrade with too many plugins.

Drupal

Drupal Core Concepts

Nodes	Primary content entities, such as articles, pages, and custom content types.
Modules	Extend functionality, similar to WordPress plugins. Contributed modules offer a wide range of features.
Themes	Control the visual design of the website. Drupal's theming system is highly flexible.
Taxonomy	Categorization system for organizing content using vocabularies and terms.
Blocks	Reusable content elements that can be placed in different regions of a page.

Joomla

Drupal Use Cases

Drupal is often used for:

- Complex websites with custom data structures.
- Websites requiring high security and scalability.
- Enterprise-level applications.
- Websites with advanced user management requirements.

Drupal Pros & Cons

Pros	Cons
 Highly flexible and customizable. Excellent security features. Scalable for large and complex websites. 	 Steeper learning curve compared to WordPress. Requires more technical expertise. Can be more expensive to develop
	and maintain.

Page 1 of 2 https://cheatsheetshero.com

Joomla Core Features

Articles	Primary content entities, organized into categories.
Modules	Extend functionality, similar to WordPress plugins and Drupal modules.
Templates	Control the visual design of the website. Joomla offers a flexible templating system.
Components	More complex extensions that provide core functionality, such as e-commerce or social networking.
Plugins	Modify specific parts of the Joomla core

or extensions.

Joomla Use Cases

Joomla is often used for:	
•	Social networking sites
•	E-commerce platforms
	Business websites
•	Intranets and extranets

Joomla Pros & Cons

Pros	Cons
Flexible and versatile.	 Can be more complex than WordPress for simple sites.
 Good balance between ease of use and complexity. 	Extension quality can vary.
 Strong community support. 	 Less popular than WordPress, which means fewer themes and plugins.

Page 2 of 2 https://cheatsheetshero.com