



Core Cmdlets & Syntax

Basic Cmdlets

Get-Command	Retrieves all available cmdlets, functions, and aliases. Example: <code>Get-Command -Name Get-Process</code>
Get-Help	Displays help information about cmdlets, functions, and scripts. Example: <code>Get-Help Get-Process -Examples</code>
Get-Member	Inspects the properties and methods of an object. Example: <code>Get-Process Get-Member</code>
Set-Variable	Creates and sets the value of a variable. Example: <code>Set-Variable -Name MyVar -Value "Hello"</code>
Write-Host	Displays output in the console. Example: <code>Write-Host "Hello, World!"</code>
Write-Output	Sends output as objects to the pipeline. Example: <code>Write-Output "Object data"</code>

Basic Syntax

\$ - Variable declaration (<code>\$var = 'value'</code>)
 - Pipeline (passes output of one command to another)
; - Command separator (allows multiple commands on one line)
() - Grouping commands for execution order or output capture
{ } - Script block (used in loops, conditional statements, etc.)
Operators: -eq (equals), -ne (not equals), -gt (greater than), -lt (less than), -ge (greater than or equals), -le (less than or equals), -and (logical AND), -or (logical OR), -not (logical NOT)
Redirection: <code>></code> (Output to file, overwrites), <code>>></code> (Output to file, appends), <code>2></code> (Error output), <code>2>&1</code> (Merge error and standard output)

Data Manipulation & Scripting

Working with Data

Convert-From-Json	Converts a JSON string to a PowerShell object. Example: <code>\$json = '{"name":"John","age":30}'; \$obj = \$json ConvertFrom-Json</code>
Convert-To-Json	Converts a PowerShell object to a JSON string. Example: <code>\$obj ConvertTo-Json</code>
Import-Csv	Imports data from a CSV file. Example: <code>\$data = Import-Csv -Path 'data.csv'</code>
Export-Csv	Exports data to a CSV file. Example: <code>\$data Export-Csv -Path 'output.csv' -NoTypeInformation</code>
ForEach-Object	Iterates through a collection of objects. Example: <code>1,2,3 ForEach-Object { \$_ * 2 }</code>

Conditional Statements

If/Else:
<pre>if (\$condition) { # Code to execute if condition is true } elseif (\$anotherCondition) { # Code to execute if another condition is true } else { # Code to execute if all conditions are false }</pre>

Looping

For Loop:
<pre>for (\$i = 0; \$i -lt 10; \$i++) { # Code to execute }</pre>
While Loop:
<pre>while (\$condition) { # Code to execute while condition is true }</pre>
Do-While Loop:
<pre>do { # Code to execute at least once } while (\$condition)</pre>

Functions and Modules

Functions

Defining a Function:	<pre>function Get-MyInfo { param ([string]\$Name, [int]\$Age) Write-Host "Name: \$Name" Write-Host "Age: \$Age" }</pre>
Calling a Function:	<pre>Get-MyInfo -Name "Alice" -Age 30</pre>
return	Used to exit a function and optionally return a value. If no value is provided, nothing is returned. Example: <pre>function Get-Value { return 10 } \$result = Get-Value # \$result will contain 10</pre>

Modules

Import-Module	Imports a module into the current session. Example: <code>Import-Module -Name 'MyModule'</code>
Get-Module	Lists the modules that are imported in the current session. Example: <code>Get-Module -ListAvailable</code>
Export-ModuleMember	Specifies which module members (cmdlets, functions, variables, aliases) are exported from a script module. Example: <code>Export-ModuleMember -Function 'My-Function'</code>

Error Handling & Advanced Features

Error Handling

Try/Catch/Finally:	<pre>try { # Code that might throw an exception # Example: \$result = Get- Content -Path 'nonexistent_file.t xt' } catch { # Code to handle the exception Write-Host "Error: \$(\$_.Exception.Mess age)" } finally { # Code that always executes, regardless of whether an exception occurred Write-Host "Finally block executed." }</pre>
\$ErrorActionPreference	Sets the default behavior when an error occurs. Common values: 'Stop', 'Continue', 'SilentlyContinue', 'Inquire'. Example: <code>\$ErrorActionPreference = 'Stop'</code>
Throw	Throws a custom exception. Example: <code>Throw "Custom error message"</code>

Background Jobs

Start-Job	Starts a background job. Example: <code>Start-Job -ScriptBlock { Get-Process }</code>
Get-Job	Retrieves background jobs. Example: <code>Get-Job</code>
Receive-Job	Receives the output of a background job. Example: <code>Receive-Job -Id 1</code>
Stop-Job	Stops a running background job. Example: <code>Stop-Job -Id 1</code>
Wait-Job	Waits for a background job to complete. Example: <code>Wait-Job -Id 1</code>
Remove-Job	Removes a background job. Example: <code>Remove-Job -Id 1</code>

Remoting

Enter-PSSession	Starts an interactive session with a remote computer. Example: <code>Enter-PSSession -ComputerName 'RemoteServer'</code>
Invoke-Command	Runs commands on a remote computer. Example: <code>Invoke-Command -ComputerName 'RemoteServer' -ScriptBlock { Get-Process }</code>